HUNTINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY

FINANCIAL REPORT WITH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2017

HUNTINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Trustees Huntington Public Library 338 Main Street Huntington, New York 11743

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Huntington Public Library as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Huntington Public Library, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of library pension contributions and the schedule of funding progress for the retiree health plan on pages 5 through 10 and 38 through 44 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Bulalisani & Circlip Certified Public Accountants Stewart Manor, New York

September 27, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of three parts-management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include information that presents two different views of the Library:

- The first five columns of these financial statements include information on the Library's funds under the modified accrual method. These *Fund Financial Statements* focus on current financial resources and provide a more detailed view about the accountability of the Library's sources and uses of funds.
 - The adjustment column of the financial statements represents adjustments necessary to convert the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements under the full-accrual method.
- The government-wide financial statement columns provide both long-term and short-term information about the Library's overall financial status. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Library as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Library's finances. These statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Condensed Financial Information:

The table below compares key financial information in a condensed format between the current year and the prior year, in thousands of dollars:

		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	_	Increase (Decrease)
Assets:	_					
Current assets	\$	6,620	\$	5,564	\$	1,056
Capital assets	~	3,136		3,179		(43)
Total Assets		9,756		8,743		1,013
Deferred Outflows of Resources		847		1,852		(1,005)
Liabilities:						
Long-term debt		5,028		5,407		(379)
Other liabilities	_	266		257		9
Total Liabilities	-	5,294	, _	5,664		(370)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	277		358		(81)
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		3,136		3,179		(43)
Unrestricted	_	1,896		1,394		502
Total Net Position	\$_	5,032	\$	4,573	\$	459
Revenue:						
Tax revenues	\$	8,817	\$	8,817	\$	0
Fines, fees and sales		19		25		(6)
Other revenue	-	127		101		26
Total Revenue		8,963		8,943		20
Expenses - Library Services	_	8,504		8,610		(106)
Change in net position		459		333		126
Net position - beginning of year	-	4,573		4,240		333
Net Position - End of Year	\$_	5,032	\$	4,573	\$	459

The Library As A Whole

- The Library's net position increased by \$459,073 this year. The most significant reason for this increase was the lower than anticipated expenditures in the General Fund.
- The Library's primary source of revenue is from property tax revenues, which represents 98.4 percent of total revenue. In the prior year revenue from property taxes represented 98.6 percent of total revenue.
- As is typical of service agencies, salaries and benefits are a significant expense of the Library, representing 77.1 percent of the Library's total expenses (as per the Statement of Activities). In the prior year, salaries and benefits represented 77.3 percent of the Library's total expenses.

The Library Funds:

Our analyses of the Library's funds are included in the first five columns of pages eleven through fourteen on the respective statements. The fund columns provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the Library as a whole. The Library Board has the ability to create separate funds to help manage money for specific purposes and to maintain accountability for certain activities. Currently, the Library's funds consist of the General Fund, the Capital Fund, the Grant Fund, and the Trust and Agency Fund.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased during the year from \$3,363,953 to \$4,093,982. The fund balance of the Capital Fund increased from \$1,942,260 to \$2,260,546. The fund balance of the Grant Fund remained at a deficit of \$14. The fund balance for the Trust & Agency Fund remained at \$0.

Budgetary Highlights:

The following are explanations for the significant variations between the Library's final budget and the actual results of the General Fund:

- In total, the favorable budget variance for Library revenues was \$34,484. The primary reasons for this variance were the unexpected receipt of grants and aid from New York State. The Library did not budget for this income because it was not a guaranteed source of revenue.
- The Library received less fines, fees and sales income than anticipated. The Library attributes this to greater patron use of the Library's auto-renewal system and downloadable items that do not incur fines.

Budgetary Highlights: (Continued)

- The salaries and wages budget section was underspent by \$246,400. The Library attributes this primarily to staff members who separated from the Library and their positions remained unfilled. In addition, the Library minimized the hours that pages worked.
- The budget line for workers compensation and disability was underspent by \$28,024. The Library attributes this to lower premiums than had been anticipated. In addition, the Library received a refund of past premiums paid based upon the lower salaries that were paid.
- In total, the library services/materials budget section was underspent by \$134,381. Many of the variances offset one another. The various book budget lines were underspent primarily because purchasing slowed. The library attributed this to a variety of factors such as limited shelf space for new purchases, being more selective in order to reduce costs, as well as the public desire for more materials in an electronic format as opposed to the print format. The budget line for programs- adult was overspent as additional programs were added due to sponsorship from the Friends of the Library. The budget line for programs- children was underspent because more programs were run by in-house staff. This was less expensive than having to pay outside vendors. The budget line for public relations/newsletter was underspent because the Library was able to realize a savings by preparing the newsletter layout and content in house. The new layout also decreased printing costs.
- The budget line for library and general supplies was underspent by \$15,174. This was due to continued streamlining of ordering and by soliciting competitive bids from our vendors.
- The printing budget line was underspent because the Library continues to print flyers and brochures in-house using Library equipment.
- The budget line for integrated library system has a favorable variance of \$99,993. As the Library as transitioned back to the PALS consortium through SCLS savings were realized. Additionally, the Library expected that the cost of data migration onto the PALS consortium would be higher than it was.
- The software/automation budget line was underspent as the Library did not complete all of its planned software upgrades on the patron and staff computers.
- The budget line for travel and professional meetings was underspent because fewer staff members traveled for conferences during the fiscal year. Many of the conferences that were attended were local which reduced airline and hotel costs.

Budgetary Highlights: (Continued)

- The budget line for legal service was underspent as the legal fees incurred were for general consultation. Fortunately, costly services related to litigation or contract related issues were not required. This was largely offset by the unfavorable variance in the budget line for professional fees- other as the Library paid more consulting fees than anticipated.
- The budget line for copy machine expense was underspent as the Library decided to buy out the capital lease that it at entered into rather than pay monthly installments. This favorable variance is directly related to the unfavorable variance in the debt service budget section.
- The budget line for minor furniture and equipment was overspent by \$15,384. Although the Library had budgeted for the purchase of stackable chairs within the capital outlay section, for financial reporting purposes they were recorded as an operating expense because they were under the Library's capital limit.
- The budget line for insurance was underspent by \$6,975. The Library received an unexpected safety dividend from the insurance carrier which reduced the current year expense.
- The budget line for electric/power was underspent by \$31,437. The Library attributes this cost savings to the mild weather and the fact that less energy was required to heat and cool the building.
- The maintenance repairs budget line was underspent by \$23,303. As the Library is
 preparing for the upcoming building renovation only necessary repairs were made to the
 HVAC system. In addition, the Library held off on any changes to the electrical system
 since it may be impacted by the upcoming HVAC and lighting portion of the building
 renovation.
- The budget line for maintenance services has a favorable variance. The Library had increased the budget line over the prior years to better reflect prior year spending; however less was spent in the current year. The Library spent less than expected on snow removal.
- The capital outlay budget section was underspent by \$465,697. The Library is holding off on the replacement of certain furniture and fixtures until after the HVAC and lighting renovations are underway and the needs can be better determined. Additionally the favorable variance in the development fund budget line was a budgetary tool used to raise funds for the future building needs of the Station Branch. As a result, these unspent monies were transferred to the Capital Fund.

Capital Assets:

Capital outlay totaled \$188,632 for the current year. The purchases were for a wide variety of items such as for professional fees related to the renovation project, the purchase of copier and computer equipment, furniture, etc. During the year the Library also discarded broken or obsolete equipment with an estimated original cost of \$5,545.

Debt Administration:

The only long term debt that the Library has to its employees is for unused sick and vacation time (compensated absences), its capital lease payable, its net pension liability and its obligation for other post-retirement benefits. As of June 30, 2017, the Library's liability for unused sick and vacation time (compensated absences) was \$363,200. This represents a decrease of \$60,300 from the previous year. As of June 30, 2017, the Library's liability for the capital lease payable was \$0. This represents a decrease of \$32,332 from the previous year. The net pension liability at June 30, 2017 was \$1,333,314. This represents a decrease of \$748,220 from the previous year. The Library's obligation for other post-employment benefits at June 30, 2017 was \$3,331,696. This represents an increase of \$462,807 from the previous year.

Currently Known Conditions:

The Library budget vote for the 2017-2018 fiscal year was approved by the taxpayers. The anticipated tax revenues will be \$8,881,918.

HUNTINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

								Trust &					ďΩ	Statement
		General Fund		Capital Fund		Grant Fund		Agency Fund		Total of Funds	Adj (L	Adjustments (Note 14)		of Net Position
Assets:	l				l									
Cash and cash equivalents: Checking	↔	2,298,566	↔	450,638	↔		↔	1,007	↔	2,750,211	€9	€		2,750,211
Money market/savings		2,009,275		1,831,492						3,840,767 870				3,840,767 870
Total cash and cash equivalents	I	4,308,711	1	2,282,130	ı	0	l	1,007		6,591,848		0		6,591,848
Internal receivables Other receivables		12,788								12,788		(12,788)		2,854
Prepaid insurance Capital assets, net of depreciation (note 4)		25,994								25,994	8	3,135,723		25,994 3,135,723
Total Assets	1	4,350,347		2,282,130		0		1,007		6,633,484	<u></u>	3,122,935		9,756,419
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows on pension	ı	0		0	İ	0	i	0		0		847,365		847,365
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	69 ∥	\$ 4,350,347	↔	2,282,130	⇔	0	↔	1,007	∽ ∥	6,633,484	∞	3,970,300 \$ 10,603,784		0,603,784

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

HUNTINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

		General Fund		Capital Fund	5 4	Grant Fund	Trust & Agency Fund	88 A	Total of Funds	Adjustments (Note 14)		Statement of Net Position
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related taxes Internal payables	↔	95,926 160,439	69	9,817	€	\$	1,(\$ 1,007	105,743 160,439 12,788	\$ (12,788)	€9	105,743 160,439
Non-current liabilities: Compensated absences Net pension liability Obligation for other post-employment										363,200		363,200
benefits Total Liabilities		256,365		21,584		14	1,(1,007	278,970	5,015,422		5,294,392
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows on pension	I	0	1	0		0		0	0	276,898	į	276,898
Fund Balances/Net Position: Nonspendable (prepaid amounts) Committed for specific purposes Assigned Unassigned		25,994 1,174,203 2,893,785		2,260,546		(14)			25,994 1,174,203 2,260,546 2,893,771	(25,994) (1,174,203) (2,260,546) (2,893,771)		
Total Fund Balances		4,093,982		2,260,546		(14)		0	6,354,514	(6,354,514)		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources And Fund Balances	↔	\$ 4,350,347	↔	2,282,130	\$	9		1,007	6,633,484			
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted										3,135,723		3,135,723
Total Net Position										\$ 5,032,494	⊪ ⇔ ∥	5,032,494

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

HUNTINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL
FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

						ŗ.,	Trust &					Statement
		General Fund		Capital Fund	Grant Fund		Agency Fund		Total of Funds	Adjustments (Note 14)		of Activities
Revenues:	1		1			 					l	
Tax revenues	€3	8,817,225	↔		€9	€		€9	8,817,225	↔	↔	8,817,225
Fines, fees and sales		19,083							19,083			19,083
Program fees		21,211							21,211			21,211
Local Incentive Aid		10,097							10,097			10,097
Other grants and aid		36,603							36,603			36,603
Payments in lieu of taxes		1,034							1,034			1,034
Copier machine/printing income		16,560							16,560			16,560
Interest		7,074		10,937					18,011			18,011
Lost books paid		1,782							1,782			1,782
Telephone/fax fees		3,334							3,334			3,334
Donations and miscellaneous income	ļ	18,406							18,406		!	18,406
Total Revenues	⇔ ∥	\$ 8,952,409 \$	~ ∥	10,937	↔	\$ 0	0	₩	0 \$ 8,963,346	0 \$	6 /5	8,963,346

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

HUNTINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

						Trust &				S	Statement
		General	Capital		Grant	Agency		Total of	Adjustments		Jo
		Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund		Funds	(Note 14)	Ą	Activities
Expenditures/Expenses-Library Services:											
Salaries and wages		3,880,617	€9	⇔	•	€3	€	3,880,617	\$ (56,014)	€	3,824,603
Employee benefits		2,096,332					7	2,096,332	634,034	7	2,730,366
Library services/materials		754,719						754,719			754,719
Library operations		446,162						446,162			446,162
Building operations		509,987						509,987			509,987
Capital outlay		80,981	107,651					188,632	(188,632)		
Depreciation Debt service:									232,186		232,186
Principal - capital lease		32,332						32,332	(32,332)		
Interest - capital lease		6,250						6,250			6,250
Total Expenditures/Expenses	J	7,807,380	107,651		0	0		7,915,031	589,242	~	8,504,273
Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues											
Over Expenditures		1,145,029	(96,714)	_	0	0		1,048,315	(589,242)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers- internal activities	1	(415,000)	415,000	1	0	0		0			
Excess Of Revenues & Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over Expenditures		730,029	318,286		0	0	7	1,048,315	(1,048,315)		
Change In Net Position									459,073		459,073
Fund balance/net position- beginning of year		3,363,953	1,942,260	J	(14)	0	φ.	5,306,199	(732,778)	4	4,573,421
Fund Balance/Net Position- End Of The Year	∽ ∥	4,093,982	\$ 2,260,546	∽ ∥	(14) \$	0 \$	\$	6,354,514	\$ (1,322,020)	∞	5,032,494

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Huntington Public Library conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. Accordingly, in June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements — and Managements Discussion and Analysis — for State and Local Governments. Some of the significant changes in the statement include the following:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis section providing an analysis of the Library's overall financial position and results of operations.
- Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Library's activities.
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

- A. Reporting Entity: The Huntington Public Library coordinates the raising of its real estate tax revenues with the Huntington Union Free School District. The Board of Trustees is responsible for the approval of the annual budget and oversight of the Library management's control and disbursement of funds and maintenance of assets. The Library's management is solely responsible for day-to-day operations.
- B. Management Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: The Library's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Library as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Library's major funds).

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The effect of interfund governmental activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position includes and recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Library's net position is reported in three parts- net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. <u>Management Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement</u>

Presentation: (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements: Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the State of New York's Department of Audit and Control, Division of Municipal Affairs. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the period in which they become both measurable and available. The Library considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within a reasonable period of time after fiscal year end, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Fees and other income items other than interest income are recorded when received in cash. Expenditures are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, if applicable, are recorded only when a payment is due.

The Library reports on the following funds:

General Fund: This fund is established to account for resources devoted to the general services that the Library performs for its patrons. General tax revenues and other sources of revenues used to finance the fundamental operation of the Library are included in this fund.

<u>Capital Fund</u>: This fund is established to account for resources devoted to construction and renovation of the Library.

Grant Fund: Specified grant revenues and expenditures whether funded by New York State, the Federal Government, or private industry are accounted for separately in the Grant fund.

<u>Trust and Agency Fund:</u> Used to account for money (and/or property) received and held in the capacity of trustee, custodian or agent.

C. <u>Use of Estimates:</u> The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- **D.** <u>Budgetary Accounting:</u> Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control of the general fund. Expenditures are compared to actual results in the report.
- E. <u>Fund Balance Classifications:</u> The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* that defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. They are as follows:

Nonspendable: This includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (i.e. inventories, prepaid expenses, etc.) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: This includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources. These constraints can be externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or imposed by laws and regulations.

<u>Committed:</u> This includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Library's Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned: This includes amounts that are constrained by the Library's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Library Board is not required to impose or remove the constraint. Assignments of fund balance cannot be made if it would result in a negative unassigned fund balance.

<u>Unassigned:</u> This includes the residual classification for the Library's general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, assigned for specific purposes, restricted, or committed.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the Library's policy is to apply restricted net position first. Expenditures incurred from unrestricted resources are applied to committed fund balance as determined by the Board, then to assigned fund balance, and then to the unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- G. <u>Interfund Transactions:</u> The operations of the Library include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The Library typically loans resources between funds for cash flow purposes. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include transfers to provide financing or other services. This includes the transfer of unrestricted General Fund revenues to finance various expenditures that the Library must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.
- H. <u>Investments:</u> The Library's investment policies are governed by State statutes and its own written investment policy. Permissible investments for the Library include special time deposit accounts, certificates of deposit as well as obligations of the United States of America and New York State.
- I. Capital Assets: Capital assets are defined by the Library as assets with an initial cost of at least \$500 and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The Library land and building has not been capitalized as it is owned by the School District. Library books and materials are not capitalized. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated lives:

Furniture and equipment 5 to 7 years Fixtures 20 years Building improvements 40 years

NOTE 2: Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Library has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less.

NOTE 3: Concentration of Credit Risk

The Library maintains all of its cash balances at two banks. At year end, the Library's carrying amount of deposits was \$6,590,978 (excludes petty cash) and the bank balance was \$6,606,914. Of the bank balance, \$1,000,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$3,821,295 was covered by collateral in the form of a Letter of Credit and the remaining balance of \$1,785,619 was covered by collateral held by the Library's agent.

NOTE 4: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in general fixed assets is as follows:

	,	Balance as of 7/1/2016	 Additions		Deletions	Balance as of 6/30/2017
Assets not being depreciated:						
Fine arts	\$	38,050	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 38,050
Construction in progress		48,190	107,651		0	155,841
Other capital assets:						
Building improvements		5,339,474	0		0	5,339,474
Fixtures		1,346,600	0		0	1,346,600
Furniture and equipment		661,300	 80,981		(5,545)	736,736
Total		7,433,614	188,632		(5,545)	7,616,701
Accumulated depreciation		(4,254,337)	 (232,186)		5,545	(4,480,978)
Net Book Value	\$	3,179,277	\$ (43,554)	\$_	0	\$ 3,135,723

NOTE 5: Accounts Payable

Accounts payable consisted of unpaid invoices at June 30, 2017.

NOTE 6: Long Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the period ended June 30, 2017:

								Non-curr	ent	<u>liabilities</u>
	Balance 7/1/2016	-	Increases	<u>F</u>	Reductions	_	Balance 6/30/2017	 Due within one year		Due after one year
Copier loan	\$ 32,332	\$	0 \$	5	32,332	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0
Compensated absences	423,500		0		60,300		363,200	0		363,200
Net pension liability Other post-employment	2,081,534		0		748,220		1,333,314	0		1,333,314
benefits payable	2,868,889		462,807	_	0	_	3,331,696	 0		3,331,696
	\$ 5,406,255	\$	462,807	} 	840,852	\$_	5,028,210	\$ 0	\$_	5,028,210

NOTE 7: Compensated Absences Payable

The Library has an accumulated liability as of June 30, 2017 for unused sick and vacation pay amounting to \$363,200. No portion of this liability is expected to be paid within the next twelve months.

NOTE 8: Capital Lease Payable

In January 2016, the Library essentially purchased five copiers by signing a capital lease agreement. The total price of the equipment was \$34,500. Although the lease agreement required 60 monthly payments of \$770, in order to save approximately \$2,200 of interest charges, the Library opted to pay off the entire principal balance. Therefore, as of June 30, 2017, a balance of \$0 remained payable.

NOTE 9: Funds Committed For Specific Purposes

A summary of changes in committed funds for the year ending June 30, 2017 is as follows:

		Balance as of 7/1/2016		Funds Committed acommitted	l) _	Funds Expended	Balance as of 6/30/2017
Funds Committed For:	•		-	.			
Accrued benefits	\$	50,000	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 50,000
Retirement		25,000		0		0	25,000
Building preservation		25,000		0		0	25,000
Development fund	_	1,074,203		0	_	0	 1,074,203
Total	\$_	1,174,203	\$	00	\$	0	\$ 1,174,203

Assigned Fund Balance NOTE 10:

The components of the assigned fund balance as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

		Capital Fund		Grant Fund	Total
Assigned For: Assigned for capital projects	\$ __	2,260,546	· - . \$ _	0	\$ 2,260,546

Retirement Plan **NOTE 11:**

The Huntington Public Library Plan Description and Benefits Provided: A. participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (the System). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November, 2014, he was elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2015. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Huntington Public Library also participates in the Public Employees' Group Term Life Insurance plan (GTLI), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY

12244.

NOTE 11: Retirement Plan (Continued)

B. <u>Benefits Provided:</u> The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

Tiers 1 and 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service.

Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months. Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tiers 3, 4, and 5

Eligibility: Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4 and 5 is 62.

NOTE 11: Retirement Plan: (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided: (Continued)

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. For Tier 6 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous four years.

Ordinary Disability Benefits

Generally, ordinary disability benefits, usually one-third of salary, are provided to eligible members after 10 years of service; in some cases, they are provided after five years of service.

Accidental Disability Benefits

For all eligible Tier 1 and Tier 2 ERS members, the accidental disability benefit is a pension of 75 percent of final average salary, with an offset for any Workers' Compensation benefits received. The benefit for eligible Tier 3, 4, 5 and 6 members is the ordinary disability benefit with the years-of-service eligibility requirement dropped.

NOTE 11: Retirement Plan: (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided: (Continued)

Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all pensioners who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all pensioners who have attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years; (iii) all disability pensioners, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement.

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases (Continued)

An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor, but cannot be less than 1 percent or exceed 3 percent.

Contributions: The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 (ERS) who generally contribute 3 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required. The required contribution for the current fiscal year was \$577,092, for the 2016 fiscal year it was \$616,686 and for the 2015 fiscal year it was \$426,123.

NOTE 11: Retirement Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2017, the Huntington Public Library reported a liability of \$1,333,314 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Huntington Public Library's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Huntington Public Library's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2017, the Huntington Public Library's proportion was 0.0141899 percent which was an increase of .0012211% from its proportion measured at June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Huntington Public Library recognized pension expense of \$752,605. At June 30, 2017, the Huntington Public Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience \$	33,412	\$	202,471
Changes in assumptions	455,509		0
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	266,317		0
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	92,127		74,427
Library's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	0	, .	0
Total \$	847,365	\$	276,898

NOTE 11: Retirement Plan (Continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Pensions: (Continued) No deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Huntington Public Library contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_]	Amount Recognized
2018	\$	241,222
2019		241,222
2020		253,783
2021		(165,760)
2022		0
Total	\$_	570,467

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> The total pension liability at March 31, 2017 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2016, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2017. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.80%
Investment rate of return (net of investment expense, including inflation)	7.00%
Cost of living adjustments	1.30%

NOTE 11: Retirement Plan (Continued)

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> (Continued) Annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2015 are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for equities and fixed income as well as historical investment data and plan performance. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2017 are summarized below.

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	4.55%
International equity	6.35%
Private equity	7.75%
Real estate	5.80%
Absolute return strategies	4.00%
Opportunistic portfolio	5,89%
Real assets	5,54%
Bonds and mortgages	1,31%
Cash	(0.25%)
Inflation-Indexed bonds	1.50%

NOTE 11: Retirement Plan (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption — The following presents the Huntington Public Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the Huntington Public Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
	_	Decrease (6.0%)		Assumption (7.0%)	Increase (8.0%)
Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,258,341	\$	1,333,314 \$	(1,139,791)

NOTE 11: Retirement Plan (Continued)

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions:</u> (Continued) Pension plan fiduciary net position— The components of the current year net pension liability of the New York State and Local Retirement System as of March 31, 2017, in thousands of dollars was as follows:

		Total
Employers' total pension liability Plan net position	\$	177,400,586 (168,004,363)
Employers' net pension liability	\$ _	9,396,223
Ratio of plan net position to the Employers' total pension liability		94.7%

NOTE 12: Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The New York State Department of Civil Service (DCS) Plan Description: A. administers the New York Health Insurance Program (NYSHIP) which provides health insurance to current and retired employees of New York State, and participating public authorities and local governmental units, such as the Huntington Public Library. NYSHIP offers comprehensive hospital, medical and prescription drug benefits. As administrator of NYSHIP, the DCS performs all administrative tasks and has the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions offered. Annual benefit premiums charged to and paid by participating entities are generally the same, regardless of each individual employer's risk profile. The annual benefit premiums collected by DCS are then remitted to the health insurance carriers that comprise NYSHIP. NYSHIP is considered an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan, it is not a separate entity or trust, and does not issue stand-alone financial statements. The Library, as a participant in the plan, recognizes these post-employment benefits on an accrual basis.

NOTE 12: Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

B. Funding Policy: Contribution requirements are determined by the Library Board. For retirees hired on or before June 30, 1993 and whom have five or more years of service, the Library will pay 90% of the amount for a retiree's and their spouse's health insurance policy premium. For retirees hired on or before June 30, 1993, that have less than five years of service, the Library will pay 75% of the amount for a retiree's and their spouse's health insurance policy premium. For retirees hired after June 30 1993, and whom have ten years of service, the Library will pay 75% of the amount for a retiree's and their spouse's health insurance policy premium.

For the year ending June 30, 2017, the Library recognized the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums of \$308,596 as an expenditure in the General Fund. Huntington Public Library also reimburses retired employees and their spouses the full cost of Medicare deducted from their Social Security benefits, which amounted to \$68,758.

The calculation of the liability was based upon the 2015 annual medical premiums of:

Individual Fan		Wi Me		Family With Two Medicare Participants		Family With One Medicare Participant		
Empire	\$	9,661	\$	21,706				
Empire Medicare	\$	4,822			\$	12,030	\$	16,868

NOTE 12: Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The Library's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the "annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The Library has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by GASB Statement 45 for employers in plans with fewer than 100 total plan members. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Library's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Library's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

Annual required contribution & OPEB cost	\$	850,237
Interest on net OPEB obligation		114,756
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	(144,320)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		820,673
Contributions made	_	(357,866)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		462,807
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	-	2,868,889
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$_	3,331,696

NOTE 12: Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (Continued)

The Library's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OBEB obligation for the years ending June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	% of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	 Covered Payroll	OPEB Cost % of Payroll
6/30/2015 \$	780,793	46.6%	2,432,966	\$ 2,937,001	26.58%
6/30/2016 \$	788,536	44.7%	2,868,889	\$ 3,199,433	24.65%
6/30/2017 \$	820,673	43.6%	3,331,696	\$ 3,279,429	25.02%

D. Funded Status and Funded Progress: As of June 30, 2017, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits based upon the valuation date of July 1, 2015 was \$9,278,326, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,279,429, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 282.9 percent.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multi-year trend information as time passes about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The following simplifying assumptions were made:

NOTE 12: Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

E. Methods and Assumptions: (Continued)

Funding interest rate – An interest rate of 4% was used.

Mortality – Life expectancies were based on the RP2014 Mortality Table with sex distinct rates and with generational mortality improvements projected using the MP-2014 table projection rates.

Participation rate – It was assumed that 100% of the current active employees covered under the active plan on the day before retirement would enroll in the retiree medical plan upon retirement.

Retirement rates:

Age	Rate
55-59	3.0%
60-64	9.0%
65-69	12.0%
70-79	20.0%
80+	100.0%

Termination rates – The following rates from Table 1, paragraph 35 of Government Accounting Standard no. 45 were used.

Age	Rate
20	7.79%
25	6.78%
30	4.66%
35	3.19%
40	2.21%
45	1.59%
50+	0.00%

NOTE 12: Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions i(Continued)

E. <u>Methods and Assumptions:</u> (Continued)

Healthcare cost trend rates – It was assumed that health care costs would increase in accordance with the trend rates in the following table:

Year	Pre-65 Rates	Post-65 Rates
2015	9.0%	5.0%
2016	8.0%	5.0%
2017	7.0%	5.0%
2018	6.0%	5.0%
2019+	5.0%	5.0%

Participant salary increases – 3.50% annually.

Payroll growth rate – 2.50% annually.

Percent married – It was assumed that 65% of the male and 25% of the female employees who elect retiree health care coverage for themselves would also elect coverage for their spouse upon retirement. It was assumed that male spouses are three years older than their wives and female spouses are three years younger than the retiree. For current retirees, actual census information was used.

Actuarial value of assets – N/A

Per capita claims cost – Are based on the premium levels of the plan provisions in section B. The premiums paid by the Library are independent of the Library's experience and demographic profile, and are expected to change consistent with a community rated plan. Thus, we have applied the premiums with no additional adjustments other than future trend increases.

Administrative expenses – \$25.37 per enrollee per year.

NOTE 12: Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

E. Methods and Assumptions: (Continued)

Actuarial Cost Method – An actuarial cost method develops an orderly allocation of the actuarial present value of benefit payments over the working lifetime of the participants in the plan. The actuarial present value of benefits allocated to a particular fiscal year is called the Normal Cost. The actuarial present value of benefits allocated to all periods prior to a valuation date is called the Actuarial Accrued Liability. The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is amortized over future years in accordance with the employer's established accounting policy.

The Entry Age Normal Cost Method is used in this valuation. Under this method, the Actuarial Present value of Projected Benefits of each individual is allocated on a level basis over the earnings of the individual between hire age and assumed exit age(s). The portion of the Actuarial Present Value allocated to the valuation year is called the Normal Cost. The portion of the Actuarial Present Value not provided for as of the valuation date by the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs is called the Actuarial Accrued Liability.

The amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of pay over 30 years on a closed basis.

NOTE 13: Commitments and Contingencies

The Library leases a postage meter as well as Library space (known as the Station branch) at 1335 New York Avenue in Huntington Station. The lease for space was signed during 2002 and continues until its expiration on June 30, 2022. The minimum monthly rental commitment increases from \$9,800 to \$22,792 over the lease term. In addition the Library is required to pay, as additional rent, an amount equal to 50% of any real estate tax increase over the base tax year of 1997-1998.

In the prior fiscal year the Library signed a three year lease for a postage meter. The lease agreement calls for monthly payments of \$228.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 the Library made rental payments for the equipment of \$2,736 and for the space at 1335 New York Avenue of \$234,630.

The future minimum lease commitments are detailed as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Postage Meter		Station Branch	•	Total Minimum Commitment
2018	- \$ -	2,736	`\$	224,615	\$	227,351
2019		1,368		236,050		237,418
2020		0		247,835		247,835
2021		0		260,440		260,440
2022		0		273,505		273,505
Total	\$_	4,104	\$	1,242,445	\$	1,246,549

NOTE 14: Reconciliation of Fund Financial Statements to Government-Wide Financial Statements

Total fund balance and the net change in fund balance of the Library's governmental funds differ from net position and changes in net position of the governmental activities reported in the statement of net position and statement of activities. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position and statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenue, expenditures, and change in fund balance. The following are reconciliations of fund balance to net position and the net change in fund balance to the net change in net position:

Total Fund Balance-Modified Accrual Basis	\$6,354,514
Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:	
 Capital assets are not financial resources, and are not reported 	0.105.500
in the funds	3,135,723
 Deferred outflows on pension is not reported in the funds 	847,365
 Compensated absences, not anticipated to be paid within 	(2.62.200)
the next twelve months, are included as a liability	(363,200)
Net pension liability is included in the funds	(1,333,314)
 The obligation for other post-employment benefits are not reported in the funds 	(3,331,696)
Deferred inflows on pension is not reported in the funds	(276,898)
Defended inflows on pension is not reported in the rands	(270,000)
Total Net Position-Full Accrual Basis	\$5,032,494
Net Change in Fund Balance-Modified Accrual Basis Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:	\$1,048,315
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the statement	
of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance; in the	
statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives as depreciation:	
Capital outlay	188,632
Depreciation expense	(232,186)
 (Increase)/decrease in the accruals for items reported as an 	
expenditure in the statements of activities, not in the fund statements:	
Compensated absences	60,300
Net pension expenses	(175,513)
Obligation for other post-employment benefits	(462,807)
Repayments of principal on the copier loan are not an expense	
in the statement of activities, rather a reduction of the liability	32,332
Change In Net Position-Full Accrual Basis	\$ 459,073

	Original Budget		nal lget		Actual Balances		Variance Favorable Infavorable)
Revenues:	0.017.006	Φ 0 0 1	7 225	ው	0 017 175	\$	0
Tax revenues \$	8,817,225	\$	7,225	Φ	8,817,225	. Ф	<u> </u>
Operating Revenue:							
Fines, fees and sales	32,500		2,500		19,083		(13,417)
Program fees	20,000	2	20,000		21,211		1,211
Local Incentive Aid	7,200		7,200		10,097		2,897
Other grants and aid	0		0		36,603		36,603
Payments in lieu of taxes	0		0		1,034		1,034
Copier machine/printing income	12,000	1	2,000		16,560		4,560
Interest	4,000		4,000		7,074		3,074
Lost books paid	3,500		3,500		1,782		(1,718)
Telephone/fax fees	2,500		2,500		3,334		834
Donations and miscellaneous income	19,000		9,000	_	18,406		594
Total Operating Revenue	100,700	1(00,700	_	135,184		34,484
Non-Operating Revenue:							
Transfer from fund balance	0		0	. <u>-</u>	0		0
Total Revenues	8,917,925	\$	7,925	\$=	8,952,409	\$_	34,484
Expenditures:							
Salaries and Wages:							
Professional \$	2,328,239	\$ 2,32	28,239	\$	2,165,143	\$	163,096
Clerical	1,076,503	1,07	76,503		1,104,422		(27,919)
Custodial/Guard	572,275	57	72,275		483,086		89,189
Pages	150,000	15	50,000		127,966		22,034
Total Salaries and wages	4,127,017	4,12	27,017	_	3,880,617		246,400
Employee Benefits:							
Retirement	600,000	60	00,000		577,092		22,908
Social security	315,717	3	5,717		287,563		28,154
Health insurance	1,056,000	1,05	6,000		1,096,628		(40,628)
Dental and optical plan	85,000	8	35,000		81,130		3,870
Workers compensation and disability	80,000	5	30,000		51,976		28,024
Unemployment insurance	5,000		5,000	. <u>-</u>	1,943	<u> </u>	3,057
Total Employee Benefits	2,141,717	\$ 2,14	1,717	\$_	2,096,332	\$_	45,385

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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		Original		Final	Actual		avorable
		Budget		Budget	 Balances	(Un	favorable)
Expenditures: (continued)							
Library Services/Materials:							
Books - Village - adult	\$		\$	85,000	\$ 62,803	\$	22,197
Books - Village - children		35,000		35,000	24,239		10,761
Reference/standing orders		58,000		58,000	47,527		10,473
Books - Station		35,000		35,000	23,787		11,213
Books - Village - young adult		12,000		12,000	7,393		4,607
Electronic resources		95,000		95,000	101,291		(6,291)
Book refunds		1,100		1,100	253		847
Processing		45,000		45,000	31,082		13,918
Periodicals		50,000		50,000	59,035		(9,035)
Microfilm/C.D. software/Games		14,000		14,000	6,380		7,620
C.D.'s/Audio Books		32,000		32,000	16,165		15,835
D.V.D.'s/Videos		68,000		68,000	52,300		15,700
Downloadables		125,000		125,000	131,806		(6,806)
Programs - adult		44,500		44,500	51,931		(7,431)
Programs - children		45,000		45,000	29,425		15,575
Programs - young adult		16,000		16,000	9,387		6,613
Programs- Station		35,000		35,000	33,411		1,589
Programs - literacy/ESL		15,000		15,000	15,600		(600)
Programs - senior services		5,500		5,500	4,573		927
Museum passes		10,000		10,000	9,280		720
Public relations/newsletter		63,000	_	63,000	 37,051		25,949
Total Library Materials/Services	\$ -	889,100	\$_	889,100	\$ 754,719	\$	134,381

		Original	Final		Actual	Variance Favorable
		Budget	Budget		Balances	(Unfavorable)
Expenditures: (continued)						<u> </u>
Library Operations:						
Library and general supplies	\$	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	34,826	\$ 15,174
Telecommunications		81,000	81,000		73,170	7,830
Telephone services		5,000	5,000		3,445	1,555
General postage		8,000	8,000		5,152	2,848
Printing		12,000	12,000		4,547	7,453
Printing supplies		2,000	2,000		4,611	(2,611)
Integrated library system		163,063	163,063		63,070	99,993
Software/automation		40,000	40,000		24,924	15,076
Staff training		13,000	13,000		8,706	4,294
Travel and professional meetings		30,000	30,000		11,797	18,203
Errand service		3,600	3,600		3,552	48
SCLS member services		86,000	86,000		76,413	9,587
Audit and accounting service		10,500	10,500		10,500	0
Legal service		30,000	30,000		4,036	25,964
Payroll service		14,000	14,000		14,164	(164)
Professional fees - other		10,000	10,000		31,630	(21,630)
Membership		5,000	5,000		4,460	540
Copy machine expense		12,000	12,000		993	11,007
Equipment maintenance and repair		25,000	25,000		22,130	2,870
Minor furniture & equipment		20,000	20,000		35,384	(15,384)
Annual budget vote		4,000	4,000		2,686	1,314
Fees and bond		5,200	5,200		4,783	417
Board meetings/travel/miscellaneous		1,000	1,000		1,183	(183)
Total Library Operations	\$_	630,363	\$ 630,363	_ \$ <u>_</u>	446,162	\$ 184,201

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Balances		Variance Favorable Infavorable)
Expenditures: (continued)	-				_			
Building Operations:								
Rent - Station branch	\$	232,000	\$	232,000	\$,	\$	(2,630)
Insurance		51,000		51,000		44,025		6,975
Gas/heat		13,000		13,000		14,641		(1,641)
Electric/power		160,000		160,000		128,563		31,437
Water		1,300		1,300		1,466		(166)
Maintenance repairs		40,000		40,000		16,697		23,303
Maintenance supplies		30,000		30,000		25,367		4,633
Maintenance services	_	55,750	_	55,750		44,598		11,152
Total Building Operations	_	583,050		583,050		509,987		73,063
Capital Outlay:								
Furniture, fixtures and other equipment		76,500		76,500		47,086		29,414
Computers		50,000		50,000		33,895		16,105
Building improvement/renovation		100,000		100,000		0		100,000
Development fund		320,178	_	320,178		0	_	320,178
Total Capital Outlay		546,678	_	546,678		80,981	_	465,697
Debt Service:								
Capital lease - Principal						32,332		
Capital lease - Interest			_			6,250		(2.0 2.0.)
Total Debt Service		0	_	0		38,582	_	(38,582)
Total Expenditures	-	8,917,925	_	8,917,925		7,807,380		1,110,545
Excess Of Revenues Over Expenditures		0		0		1,145,029		1,145,029
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfer to Capital Fund			_			(415,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	_	0		(415,000)	_	(415,000)
Excess Of Revenues Over Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		0		0		730,029		730,029
Budgetary fund balance- beginning of year		3,363,953		3,363,953		3,363,953		3,363,953
Budgetary Fund Balance - End Of Year	\$	3,363,953	\$_	3,363,953	\$	4,093,982	\$=	4,093,982

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

HUNTINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY NYSLRS PENSION PLAN FOR THE 2017 FISCAL YEAR**

	2017	2016	2015
Library's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.01419%	0.01297%	0.01251%
Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$1,333,314	\$2,081,534	\$422,682
Library's covered-employee payroll	\$3,733,690	\$3,289,464	\$3,215,910
Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	35.71036%	63.27882%	13.14346%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94,7%	90.7%	97.9%

^{**} The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of the March 31st that occurred within the fiscal year

HUNTINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF LIBRARY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS NYSLRS PENSION PLAN FOR THE 2017 FISCAL YEAR

	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 577,092	616,686	426,123
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	577,092	616,686	426,123
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	0	0
Library's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,733,690	3,289,464	3,215,910
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.46%	18.75%	13.25%

HUNTINGTON PUBLIC LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	-	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	_	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	-	Covered Payroll (d)	UAAL as a percentage of Covered Payroll ((b -a)/d)
7/1/2009	\$	0	\$	6,798,505	\$	6,798,505	0.0%	\$	3,021,389	225.01%
7/1/2012	\$	0	\$	8,069,017	\$	8,069,017	0.0%	\$	3,230,001	249.81%
7/1/2015	\$	0	\$	9,278,326	\$	9,278,326	0.0%	\$	3,199,433	290.00%